





Medical Necessity Guideline: Cystic Fibrosis	Creation	Review	Effective
Carrier Screening-Cystic Fibrosis	Date:	Date:	Date:
Transmembrane Conductance Regulator (CFTR)	09/24/2018	05/22/2024	06/11/2024

### **PURPOSE:**

To define the requirements and documentation for Cystic Fibrosis Carrier Screening (CPT codes 81220; 81221; 81222, and 81223).

## **DEFINITIONS:**

Cystic Fibrosis Carrier Screening - genetic testing that determines whether an asymptomatic person has a genetic mutation or abnormalities associated with this particular disorder that may be passed on to children. The cause is related to a defect in the gene that produces a protein called cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR). The most common defect is F508 which is approximately 70% of the > 1000 possible mutations. The current screen is limited to this one defect. As a result, about 30% of carrier states are missed. Extended CFTR panels are now available.

**Cystic Fibrosis -** a hereditary disorder affecting the exocrine glands. It causes the production of abnormally thick mucus, leading to the blockage of the pancreatic ducts, intestines, and bronchi and often resulting in respiratory infection. It affects about one out of every 3,000 newborns. About one in 25 people is a carrier. <sup>(1, 2)</sup>

#### **GUIDELINE:**

Driscoll Health Plan (DHP) requires prior authorization of all requests for Cystic Fibrosis Carrier Screening (CPT codes 81220; 81221; 81222, and 81223). This requirement includes Obstetricians/Gynecologists, Family Practice physicians and Mid-Level practitioners doing Obstetrics.

### **Documentation requirements:**

DHP requires completion and submission of an "OB ATTESTATION FOR CYSTIC FIBROSIS SCREENING" (ATTACHMENT A).

### **BACKGROUND:**

• Cystic fibrosis (CF) carrier screening (CPT 81220, 81221, 81222, and 81223) is a benefit and payable under Texas Medicaid without restrictions.

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- The American College of Obstetrics and Gynecology (ACOG) states that Cystic fibrosis carrier screening be offered to all women due to the pan-ethnicity of the general population. Partner screening should be available if the woman tests positive for the carrier state. (1)
- ACOG recommends screening should be offered to couples prior to pregnancy. (1)
- Patients should be availed of genetic counseling before and after the results of testing. In addition, ACOG underscores the importance of carefully reviewing carrier screening results with patients: "Patients must clearly understand what their results mean to feel empowered and enabled to make informed decisions about their reproductive health or prepare to care for future children. In some instances, this may include referring patients to genetic specialists to ensure they receive education and care tailored to their carrier screening results."
- Cystic Fibrosis Carrier Screening should be limited to once per lifetime. Patients should be advised they have the right to opt-out of genetic screening for this and other conditions. (4)

### **PROVIDER CLAIMS CODES:**

СРТ			
81220	81221	81222	81223

### **REFERENCES:**

- 1. ACOG Committee Opinions, "Carrier Screening in the Age of Genomic Medicine," #690, and "Carrier Screening for Genetic Conditions," #691, March 2017 issue of *Obstetrics and Gynecology*. Reaffirmed 2020., <a href="https://www.acog.org/clinical/clinical-guidance/committee-opinion/articles/2017/03/carrier-screening-for-genetic-conditions">https://www.acog.org/clinical/clinical-guidance/committee-opinion/articles/2017/03/carrier-screening-for-genetic-conditions; Accessed 04/30/2021</a>
- 2. US National Library of Medicine, Genetics Home Reference (2020), Cystic Fibrosis; https://ghr.nlm.nih.gov/condition/cystic-fibrosis, Accessed 05/14/2021.
- 3. Texas Medicaid Provider Procedures Manual (current edition): Texas Medicaid Fee Schedule
- 4. Texas Medicaid Provider Procedures Manual, Medical and Nursing Specialists, Physicians, and Physician Assistants Handbook, Section 5, Geneticists, May 2024.

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### **DOCUMENT HISTORY:**

DHP Committee that Approved		Review	Approval Date	e (last 5 years)	
Medical	05/24/2022	05/30/2023	05/22/2024		
Director					
CMO	06/07/2022	06/06/2023	06/11/2024		
Medical Policy	06/07/2022	06/06/2023	06/11/2024		
Workgroup					
Utilization	06/21/2022	06/20/2023	06/18/2024		
Management &					
Appeals					
Provider	06/17/2022	06/09/2023	07/01/2024		
Advisory					
Committee					
(PAC)					
Clinical	06/24/2022	07/20/2023	07/24/2024		
Management	&				
Committee	08/23/2022				
Executive	06/28/2022	07/25/2023	07/30/2024		
Quality					
Committee					

Document Owner	Organization	Department
Dr. Fred McCurdy, Medical Director	Driscoll Health Plan	Utilization Management

Review/Revision Date	Review/Revision Information, etc.
11/19/2018	No changes
11/04/2019	Updated TMPPM reference, Review ACOG literature
05/12/2020	Updated Format, references, ACOG literature is current
06/04/2020	Updated language per Dr. Serrao
05/14/2021	Updated references including ACOG and TMPPM
08/02/2021	Removal of specific laboratories that were named and revised to in network lab

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05/13/2022	Reviewed, references updated, minor editing revisions by Dr. Fred	
	McCurdy	
05/30/2023	Reviewed by Dr. Fred McCurdy, MD, no changes	
03/21/2024	Attachment A-Cystic Fibrosis Attachment Form updated for formatting	
	and form identifier with no change to content.	
05/22/2024	Reviewed and revised by Drs. Roxanne Doucet and Fred McCurdy	

### Attachment A

• Cystic Fibrosis Carrier Screening should be limited to once per lifetime. Patients should be advised they have the right to opt-out of genetic screening for this and other conditions.

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### **Cystic Fibrosis Carrier Screening Attestation for OB GYNs**

Driscoll Health Plan (DHP) requires prior authorization of all requests for Cystic Fibrosis Carrier Screening (CPT codes 81220, 81221, 81222, and 81223).

Cystic Fibrosis Carrier Screening is genetic testing that determines whether an asymptomatic person has a genetic mutation or abnormalities associated with this particular disorder that may be passed on to children. The cause is related to a defect in the gene that produces a protein called cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR). The most common defect is F508, which is approximately 70% of the > 1000 possible mutations. The current screen is limited to this one defect. Approximately 30% of carrier states are missed. Extended CFTR panels are now available.

Cystic Fibrosis is a hereditary disorder affecting the exocrine glands. It causes the production of abnormally thick mucus, leading to the blockage of the pancreatic ducts, intestines, and bronchi and often resulting in respiratory infection. It affects about one out of every 3,000 newborns.

About one in 25 people is a carrier.

### **DHP Guideline:**

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- The American College of Obstetrics and Gynecology (ACOG) states that Cystic fibrosis carrier screening should be offered to all women due to the pan-ethnicity of the general population. In addition, partner screening should be available if the woman tests positive for the carrier state.
- ACOG recommends screening should be offered to couples prior to pregnancy.
- Patients should be availed of genetic counseling prior to and after the results of testing. In addition, ACOG underscores the importance of carefully reviewing carrierscreening results with patients: "Patients must clearly understand what their results mean to feel empowered and enabled to make informed decisions about their reproductive health or prepare to care for future children. In some instances, this may include referring patients to genetic specialists to ensure they receive education and

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care tailored to their carrier screening results."

 Cystic Fibrosis Carrier Screening should be limited to once per lifetime. Patients should be advised they have the right to opt out of genetic screening for this and other conditions.

Member Name:	
Member DOB:	
Member ID:	
DHP requires the ordering physician to at	test to all of the following for CF carrier screening:
☐ To the best of the provider's knowledg carrier screening before this request.	ge, the member has not had Cystic Fibrosis
Member has received counseling on go opt- out of any and all screening.	enetic screening and informed of his/her ability to
	nely accessibility to genetic counseling for a
•	there is medical necessity, unavailability, or referral to another laboratory.
PHYSICIAN SIGNATURE	DATE
PHYSICIAN NAME (PRINT)	
PROV-UM-009 02/2024	4525 Ayers Street Corpus Christi, Texas 78401
F NO V-0 IVI-003 02/2024	COLPUS CITISU, TEXAS 78401

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